

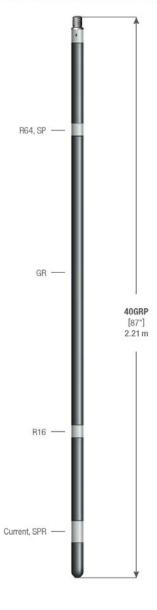
# 40GRP Combination Gamma and Resistivity Probe

The 40GRP-1000 combination probe is ideal for slimline, one-pass, hydrogeological studies, lithology work, uranium exploration, and general borehole formation data. The totally digital probe combination measures 16, 64 inch (0.4, 1.6 meter) normal resistivity, single point resistance, self-potential, and natural gamma. It operates with the newest LoggerSuite digital logging system and software.

The 40GRP-1000 is a standalone tool. The normal resistivity measurements, single point resistance, and self-potential measurements are designed for surveying open (uncased) fluid-filled boreholes. Gamma measurements can be taken in any borehole environment.

## **Application**

- · Bed boundary analysis
- · Facies changes
- Quantitative geological formation properties
- Identification of Hydrostratigraphic units
- · Aquifer thickness and Water quality
- Hydrocarbon intervals, Ore body zones, In-situ Uranium assay
- Fluid contaminant monitoring, Soil horizons, Grain size estimation



TOOL		
Diameter	43mm (1.7")	
Length (min/max)	2.21m (87")	
Weight (min/max)	8.8kg (19.5 lbs)	
Temp	0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)	
Max. Pressure	200bar (29000psi)	

Resistivity sensor

Resistivity sensor	Stainless steel electrodes	
Resistivity range	0 to 10,000 Ohm-m	
Resistivity	1%	
Resistivity resolution	0.02%	
SPR range* *Single Point Resistance	0 to 10,000 Ohms	
SPR accuracy	1%	_
SPR resolution	0.02%	
SP range* *Self-potential	± 1,500 mVDC	=
SP accuracy:	1%	=
SP resolution:	0.04%	

# 0.875" (22.2mm) x 3" (75.6mm) Nal (Ti) scintillation crystal

Gamma range	0 to 100,000 cps/API	
Gamma accuracy	1%	
Gamma resolution	0.02%	

#### **OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Cable type	Mono, multi-conductor, coax
Compatibility	Scout / Opal (ALTlogger / Bbox / Matrix)
Digital data transmission Telemetry	Variable baudrate telemetry according to cable length/type & surface system
Logging speed	Variable - function of image resolution, borehole diameter, wireline and surface system model.
Centralisation	Not required
Borehole fluid	Gamma in any conditions Resistivity in uncased, fluid-filled boreholes

















## Principle of measurement

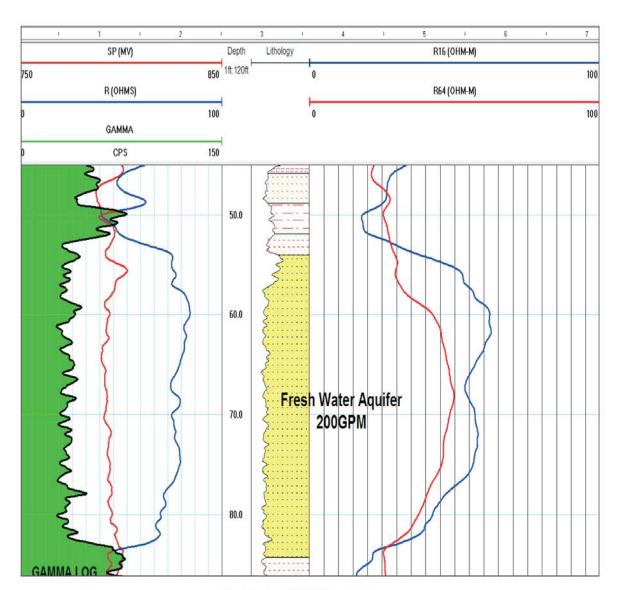
An electric current is injected into the formation from the source electrode. Potentials due to this current flow are measured on various sense electrodes on the probe with respect to a voltage reference electrode located at the top of the isolation bridle. The spacing between the source and individual sense electrode determines the depth of investigation of the measurement. The voltage measurements are proportional to resistivity of the formation.

#### Measurements features

. N16: 16" normal resistivity in ohm-m . N64: 64" normal resistivity in ohm-m SPR: single point resistance in ohms

SP: self-potential in mV

. GR: total gamma counts in cps/API



Sample Log from 40GRP-1000 in one logging pass.











